

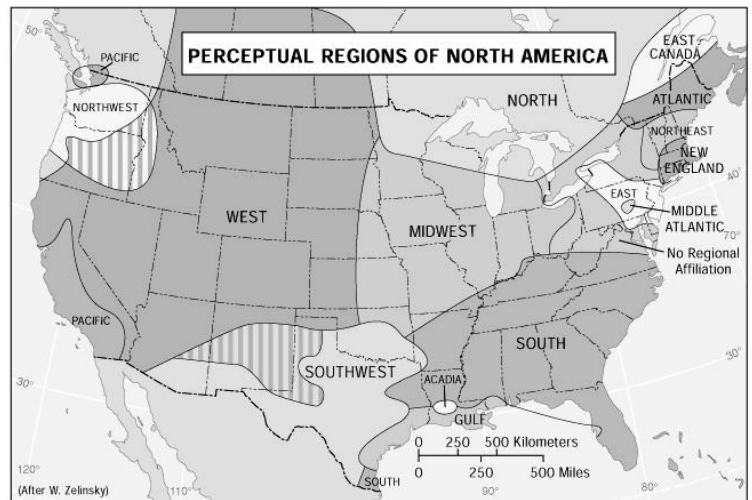
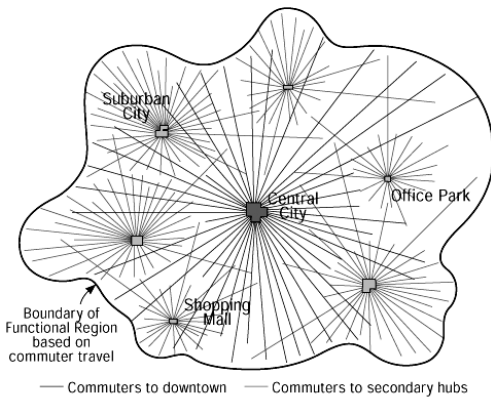
# Unit 1

## Nature and Perspectives of Human Geography (cont'd)

### AP Human Geography

### Regions

- \_\_\_\_\_ – an *area* on the Earth’s surface marked by some degree of homogeneity of some phenomenon (linked to scale and detail); used to organize humans and human activity geographically.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ (a.k.a. uniform, homogeneous) - visible and measurable homogeneity (may be defined by physical criteria or cultural traits).
  - \_\_\_\_\_ - product of interactions and movement of various kinds; usually characterized by a \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g. a city and its surrounding suburbs)



- \_\_\_\_\_ (vernacular) – intellectual constructs designed to help us understand the nature and distribution of phenomena; they primarily exist in the minds of people, based on accumulated knowledge; your \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., Sunbelt).

- In 1980, Wilbur Zelinsky defined and delimited the perceptual regions of the U.S. and Canada. According to the map, “South Florida” is part of the South – do you agree or disagree with this? What cultural elements have emerged in our area over the past few decades?

**Culture** (The sum total of the knowledge, attitudes, and patterns shared or transmitted by the members of a society)  
 Noted anthropologist, E. Adamson Hoebel defined culture as: *[the] integrated system of learned behavior patterns which are characteristic of the members of a society and ... not the result of [genetics] ... it is noninstinctive ... [culture] is wholly the result of social invention and is transmitted and maintained solely through communication and learning.*

- Culture \_\_\_\_\_ = a single attribute of a culture. Examples:
- Culture \_\_\_\_\_ = a related set of culture traits. Examples:
- Cultural \_\_\_\_\_ = a source of civilization, outward which radiated ideas, innovations, and ideologies of a particular culture. Examples (ancient and modern):

